## Year 6 Maths Objectives

## Place Value

| COUNTING | Use negative numbers in context and calculate intervals across zero Count on/back in steps of $25,0.2,0.25,0.5$... <br> Count on/back in steps of $0.1,0.2,0.25,0.5$. and then back. |
| :---: | :---: |
| COMPARING NUMBERS | Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in Reading and Writing Numbers) <br> Order positive and negative whole numbers; <br> Find the difference between a positive and a negative integer, or two negative integers, in the context such as temperature or a number line. Order a set of negative integers. <br> Investigate products of odd / even numbers. |
| IDENTIFYING, REPRESENTING \& ESTIMATING NUMBERS | Use vocabulary of estimation and approximation. |
| READING \& WRITING NUMBERS | Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in Understanding Place Value) |
| UNDERSTANDING PLACE VALUE | Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in Reading and Writing Numbers) <br> Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and 1000 where the answers are up to three decimal places. |
| ROUNDING | round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy Round whole numbers to the nearest 10, 100, 1000. Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy. |
| PROBLEM SOLVING | Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above Develop calculator skills; use a calculator effectively. Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Recognise patterns, generalise. Make general statements about them and give examples. Solve number puzzles and explain methods and reasoning. |

## Addition \& Subtraction

| NUMBER BONDS | Find pairs with sum of 100; multiples of 50 with sum 1000, decimals with sum of <br> $0.1,1,10$ |
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| MENTAL | Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large <br> numbers <br> Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations <br> involving the four operations <br> Add/subtract any pair of two-digit numbers including crossing 100; <br> Derive sums and differences, e.g. $760 \pm 280$. <br> Add/subtract a multiple of 10, 100, 1000 and adjust. |
| WRITTEN | If appropriate, use informal pencil and paper methods. <br> Extend written methods to column + and -numbers involving decimals. |
| INVERSE | Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context |


| OPERATIONS, | of a problem, levels of accuracy. <br>  <br> Choose appropriate operations/calculation methods. <br> CHECKING |
| :--- | :--- |
| Explain working. |  |
| CROBLEMS | Check by adding in reverse order, including with a calculator. |
| SOLVING | operations and methods to use and why <br> Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division <br> Use all four operations to solve money or 'real life' word problems. |

## Multiplication \& Division

| MULTIPLICATION <br> \& DIVISION <br> FACTS | Recall multiplication and division facts to $12 \times 12$. Use known facts and place value to multiply and divide mentally. Use relationship between multiplication and division. |
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| MENTAL CALCULATION | perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers <br> Multiply mentally any two-digit number by a one-digit number. <br> Mentally multiply any two-digit number to 50 by a one-digit number. <br> Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) <br> for a simple fraction (e.g. ${ }^{3} / 8$ ) <br> Multiply or divide whole numbers by 10,100 or 1000 . <br> Understand and use relationships between the 4 operations, and the principles of the arithmetic laws. <br> Use related facts and doubling or halving e.g. halve an even number, double the other; multiply by 25 , by $\times 100$, then * by 4 . <br> Double decimals e.g. $3.8 \times 2,0.76 \times 2$. <br> Partition, e.g. $87 \times 6,3.4 \times 3$. <br> Express a quotient as a fraction, or as a decimal rounded to 1 decimal place. <br> Dividing $£$ and pence by a two-digit number to give $£$ and pence. <br> Round up or down after division depending on the context |
| WRITTEN CALCULATION | Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication <br> Divide numbers up to 4 -digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate for the context divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context. <br> Multiply HTU by TU <br> Division HTU by TU ( long division, whole number answer). <br> Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places (copied from Fractions (including decimals)) <br> Use informal pencil and paper methods to support, record or explain x and *. <br> Extend written methods to ThHTU $\mathrm{x} U$ and short multiplication involving decimals. <br> Extend written methods to short division of TU or HTU (mixed number answer) and of decimals. |
| PROPERTIES OF NUMBERS: <br> MULTIPLES, <br> FACTORS, <br> PRIMES, SQUARE <br> \& CUBE <br> NUMBERS | Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers <br> Give pairs of factors for whole numbers to 100 . Use tests of divisibility. <br> Recall squares to $12 \times 12$. <br> Recognise multiples up to $10 \times 10$. <br> Find simple common multiples. Know tests of divisibility. <br> Recognise primes to at least 20. Find prime factors. <br> Factorise numbers to 100 into prime factors. |


|  | Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including centimetre cubed ( $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) and cubic metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$, and extending to other units such as $m m^{3}$ and $k m^{3}$. |
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| ORDER OF OPERATIONS | Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations. |
| INVERSE OPERATIONS, ESTIMATING \& CHECKING ANSWERS | Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy <br> Approximate first. <br> Explain working. Check by estimating. <br> Use inverse operation including with a calculator. |
| PROBLEM SOLVING | Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found <br> Use all four operations to solve money or 'real life' word problems, including finding percentages and VAT. <br> Choose appropriate operations/ calculation methods. |

## Algebra

| EQUATIONS | Express missing number problems algebraically <br> Use brackets. <br> Find pairs of numbers that satisfy number sentences involving two unknowns <br> enumerate all possibilities of combinations of two variables |
| :--- | :--- |
| FORMULAE | Use simple formulae <br> Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes <br> (copied from Measurement) |
| SEQUENCES | Generate and describe linear number sequences <br> Recognise and extend number sequences such as square, triangular numbers. <br> Investigate number sequences. <br> Develop a generalised relationship in words; express it in a formula using <br> symbols. |

## Fractions (including decimals \& percentages)

| COUNTING IN <br> FRACTIONAL STEPS | Count up and down in $1 / 2,1 / 4$, etc using whole numbers and decimal numbers. |
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| RECOGNISING | Recognise equivalent fractions. <br> Know simple fractions as percentages; find simple percentages. <br> Understand percentage as the number of parts in every 100. |
| COMPARING | Compare and order fractions, including fractions >1 <br> Change an improper fraction to a mixed number and vice versa. <br> FRACTIONS <br> Reduce fractions by cancelling. <br> Order fractions by converting to common denominator, and position them on <br> a number line. <br> Use fractions as 'operators'; find fractions of numbers and quantities. <br> Begin to convert fractions to decimal using division. <br> Use a calculator to compare two fractions. |


|  | Express simple fractions as percentages. <br> Find simple percentages of whole number quantities, include using calculator |
| :---: | :---: |
| COMPARING DECIMALS | Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places Multiply and divide decimals by 10 or 100, and integers by 1000, and explain the effect. <br> Use decimal notation for tenths and hundredths; extend to thousandths for measurements. Know what each digit represents. <br> Give a decimal lying between two others e.g. 3.4 and 3.5. <br> Order a set of mixed numbers or measurements with up to 3 decimal places. Round a number to the nearest tenth or nearest whole number. |
| ROUNDING <br> INCLUDING DECIMALS | Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy <br> Round decimals to nearest whole number or nearest tenth. |
| EQUIVALENCE | Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination <br> Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. ${ }^{3} /{ }_{8}$ ) <br> Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts. |
| ADDITION \& SUBTRACTION OF FRACTIONS | Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions |
| MULTIPLICATION \& DIVISION OF DECIMALS | Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form (e.g. ${ }^{1} /{ }_{4} \times{ }^{1} /{ }_{2}={ }^{1} /{ }_{8}$ ) <br> Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers Divide proper fractions by whole numbers (e.g. ${ }^{1} / \div 2=1 /{ }_{6}$ ) <br> Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers Multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 where the answers are up to three decimal places <br> Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and 1000 where the answers are up to three decimal places/ <br> Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction <br> (e.g. $3 / 8$ ) <br> Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places |
| RATIO \& PROPORTION | Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as $15 \%$ of 360 ] and the use of percentages for comparison <br> Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples. <br> Solve simple problems involving ratio and proportion. |

## Geometry: Position \& Direction

| POSITION, | Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) |
| :--- | :--- |
| DIRECTION \& | Read and plot co-ordinates in all four quadrants. |


| MOVEMENT | Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them <br> in the axes. <br> Recognise where a shape will be after two translations. <br> Recognise where shape will be after $90^{*}$ rotation about vertex. <br> Recognise where shape will be after reflection in a line not parallel to a side <br> or in two mirrors at 90*. <br> Consolidate work on translations and rotations. |
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| PATTERN | Make and investigate a general statement about shapes. |

## Geometry: Properties of shape

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\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { IDENTIFYING } \\
\text { SHAPES \& THEIR } \\
\text { PROPERTIES }\end{array}
$$ \quad $$
\begin{array}{l}\text { Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets } \\
\text { Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and } \\
\text { circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius } \\
\text { Solve shape puzzles. Explain methods and reasoning orally and in writing. } \\
\text { Visualise 3-D shapes from 2-D drawings. Identify nets of closed cube. } \\
\text { Recognise and explain patterns and relationships, generalise and predict. }\end{array}
$$\right\} $$
\begin{array}{l}\text { DRAWING \& } \\
\text { CONSTRUCTING } \\
\text { COMPARING \& } \\
\text { CLASSIFYING } \\
\text { Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets }\end{array}
$$\right\} \begin{array}{l}Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes <br>
and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular <br>
polygons <br>

Classify quadrilaterals using side/angle properties.\end{array}\right\}\)| Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight |
| :--- |
| line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles |
| Recognise, estimate acute and obtuse angles. |
| Use protractor to measure and draw acute/obtuse angles to 1*. |
| Check angle sum of triangle is 180*. |
| Calculate angles in triangle or around a point. |

## Measurement

|  <br> ESTIMATING | Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using <br> standard units, including centimetre cubed $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$ and cubic metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$, and <br> stand <br> extending to other units such as $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}^{3}$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| MEASURING \& | Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, <br> CALCULATING <br> using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate. <br> Length: <br> Use, read and write standard metric units of length, abbreviations and <br> relationships. Convert larger to smaller units of length and vice versa. <br> Know mile and km equivalents. <br> Suggest suitable units/equipment to estimate or measure length <br> Record estimates/measurements from scales to suitable degree of accuracy. <br> Use all four operations to solve measurement word problems, including time. <br> Choose appropriate operations/calculation methods. Explain working. <br> Mass: <br> Use, read and write standard metric units of mass and abbreviations. <br> Know relationships. Convert larger to smaller units and vice versa. |


|  | Know approximate metric equivalents for pounds (lb) and ounces (oz). <br> Suggest suitable units and equipment to estimate or measure mass. <br> Capacity: <br> Use, read and write metric units of capacity, including abbreviations. <br> Know and use the relationships between them. <br> Convert larger to smaller units of capacity, and vice versa. <br> Know approximate metric equivalents for pint and gallon. <br> Suggest suitable units and equipment to estimate or measure capacity. <br> Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters <br> and vice versa <br> Calculate perimeter of rectangles and simple compound shapes. <br> Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles <br> Use formula for area of rectangle. Calculate the area of a shape formed from <br> rectangles, including using a calculator with memory. <br> calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard <br> units, including cubic centimetres (cm ${ }^{3}$ ) and cubic metres (m ${ }^{3}$ ), and extending <br> to other units [e.g. mm and km ${ }^{3}$ ]. <br> Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes |
| :--- | :--- |
| TELLING THE TIME | Appreciate different times around the world. |
| CONVERTING | Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting <br> measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of <br> measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to <br> three decimal places <br> Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, <br> using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate <br> Convert between miles and kilometres <br> Convert between km, $m^{2}, ~ c m, ~ m m . ~$ <br> Convert between kg and g, litres and millilitres, seconds and minutes. |

## Statistics

| INTERPRETING, <br>  <br> PRESENTING DATA | Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve <br> problems <br> Use language of probability, including events with equally likely outcomes. <br> Present and interpret grouped discrete data on a bar chart. <br> Use prepared computer database to compare presentations of data. <br> Represent, extract and interpret data in a line graph (e.g. graph to convert <br> miles to kilometres). Recognise that intermediate points have meaning. <br> Extract information from a simple frequency table. and convert the data to <br> percentages, using a calculator where appropriate. <br> Interpret a simple pie chart, using fractions or percentages. |
| :--- | :--- |
| SOLVING PROBLEMS | Calculate and interpret the mean as an average <br> Find the mode and range of a set of data. <br> Begin to find median and mean. <br> Solve a problem by representing, extracting and interpreting data in <br> frequency tables and bar charts with grouped discrete data. |

