#### Year 4 Maths Objectives

#### Place Value

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COUNTING	Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers
	Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000
	Count on or back in 10s, 100s from any 2- or 3-digit number.
	Count on or back in repeated steps of 1, 100, 1000.
	Count up through next multiple of 10, 100, 1000.
	Find 1000 more or less than a given number
COMPARING	Order and compare numbers beyond 1000
NUMBERS	Order a set of whole numbers up to 10 000.
	Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal
	places.
	Recognise odd and even numbers up to 1000 and some of their properties, e.g.
	sums, differences of pairs of odd/even numbers.
	Read and write the vocabulary of comparing and ordering numbers.
	Use symbols = < > correctly. Give a number lying between two others.
	Recognise negative numbers in context: number line, thermometer.
IDENTIFYING,	Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
<b>REPRESENTING &amp;</b>	Read and write the vocabulary of estimation and approximation.
ESTIMATING	Estimate up to 250 objects.
NUMBERS	Estimate a proportion (fraction).
READING &	Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral
WRITING	system changed to include the concept of zero and place value.
NUMBERS	Read and write whole numbers up to 10 000, in figures and in words.
UNDERSTANDING	Recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands,
PLACE VALUE	hundreds, tens, and ones)
	Find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying
	the value of the digits in the answer as units, tenths and hundredths
ROUNDING	Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1 000
	Round any three-digit number to the nearest 10 or 100.
	Round any positive number less than 1000 to nearest 10.
	Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole numbe.
PROBLEM	Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with
SOLVING	increasingly large positive numbers
	Investigate general statements about familiar numbers.
	Solve number problems and puzzles.
	Explain methods and reasoning orally and in writing.
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## **Addition & Subtraction**

NUMBER BONDS	Add strings of 4 numbers. Within 1000, addition of multiples of 10 and 100.
	Recall addition and subtraction facts for each number up to 20.
	Derive addition pairs that total 100, multiples of 50 that total 1000.
MENTAL	Add and subtract numbers mentally, including:
CALCULATION	<ul> <li>a four-digit number and ones</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>a four-digit number and tens</li> </ul>

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	- a four-digit number and hundreds
	adding four 3-digit numbers
	Add/subtract 1, 10, 100 to any whole number.
	Add/subtract 10, 100 1000 from any two-/three-digit number.
	Add/subtract a pair of two-digit numbers (not crossing 10 or 100 boundary)
	Add several small numbers by finding pairs that total 10, or 9 or 11.
	Partition into tens and units, adding tens first.
	Add three 2-digit multiples of 10
	Add more than two whole numbers less than 1000, and money.
	Use number facts and place value to add/subtract mentally any pair of two-digit
	whole numbers.
	Understand commutative law of addition.
	Understand principle (not name) of commutative law for + not –.
	Round up or down and adjust:
	2999 + 1999 (3000 + 2000 – 2)
	Find a small difference by counting up.
WRITTEN	Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods
METHODS	of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate
	Use informal pencil and paper methods to support, record or explain addition
	and subtraction.
	Develop written methods for + and – of whole numbers less than 1000.
	Develop/refine written methods for addition/subtraction, include money.
	Develop, refine written methods for column addition/subtraction.
	Write subtraction fact corresponding to given addition fact.
INVERSE	Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation
OPERATIONS,	Explain and record methods. Check with addition in a different order.
ESTIMATING &	Check with equivalent calculation.
CHECKING	Check using knowledge of sums of odd/even numbers.
ANSWERS	
PROBLEM	Solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which
SOLVING	operations and methods to use and why

# **Multiplication & Division**

MULTIPLICATION	Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000.
& DIVISION	Recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12
FACTS	Recall multiplication facts in x2, x3, x4, x5, x10 tables and derive division facts.
	Use closely related facts, e.g. derive x9 or x11 from x10, or derive x6 from x4
	plus x2.
	Partition and multiply. Multiply by partitioning, e.g. 23 x 4.
MENTAL	Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally,
CALCULATION	including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three
	numbers
	Derive doubles of whole numbers to 50, corresponding halves.
	Derive doubles of multiples of 10 to 500, corresponding halves.
	Derive doubles of multiples of 100 to 5000, corresponding halves.
	Identify near doubles.
	Multiply a two-digit number by 10.
	Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10.

	Multiply or divide whole numbers by 10 or 100.
	Multiply TU by U, e.g. 13 x 3.
	Multiply and divide an integer up to 1000 by 10; understand the effect.
	Understand commutative and associative laws of multiplication.
	Divide a whole number of £ by 2, 4 , 5 or 10 to give £p.
	Understand distributive law.
	Round up or down after division.
	Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations
	Use doubling and halving of two-digit numbers, e.g. x4 = double double,
	x5 = x10 halve, x20 = x10 double, x8 = x4 double, 1/4 = half of one 1/2.
WRITTEN CALCULATION	Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout
	Approximating first, use informal pencil and paper methods to multiply and
	divide.
	Develop and refine written methods for TU x U.
	Develop and refine written methods for TU $_{\div}$ U.
PROPERTIES OF	Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations
NUMBERS:	(repeated).
MULTIPLES,	Recognise multiples of 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, up to 10th multiple.
FACTORS,	
PRIMES, SQUARE	
& CUBE	
NUMBERS	
PROBLEM	Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive
SOLVING	law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and
	harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects
	Choose appropriate number operations and calculation methods to solve money
	and 'real life' word problems with one or more steps.
INVERSE	Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation.
OPERATIONS,	Explain working.
ESTIMATING &	Check with inverse operation.
ESTIMATING & CHECKING	Check with inverse operation. Check results by approximating.

### <u>Algebra</u>

EQUATIONS	Solve problems, including <b>missing number</b> problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. Solve problems, including <b>missing number</b> problems, involving multiplication and division, including integer scaling
FORMULAE	Perimeter can be expressed algebraically as $2(a + b)$ where a and b are the dimensions in the same unit.
SEQUENCES	Recognise, extend number sequences formed by counting from any number in steps of constant size, e.g. 25 to 500. Recognise, extend number sequences formed by counting from any number in steps of constant size, extend beyond zero if counting back.

Solve number puzzles, recognise patterns, generalise and predict.	

## Fractions (including decimals & percentages)

	Count up and down in hundradths
COUNTING IN FRACTIONAL STEPS	Count up and down in hundredths
	Decoming that hundrodthe price when dividing an ebject hu and hundrod and
RECOGNISING	Recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and
FRACTIONS	dividing tenths by ten
	Use fraction notation.
	Recognise fractions that are several parts of a whole, and mixed numbers.
	Find fractions of shapes.
COMPARING	Compare and order unit fractions 1/3, ¼ and 1/2, and fractions with the same
FRACTIONS	denominators
	Relate fractions to division and find simple fractions of quantities.
	Compare a fraction with one half, and say whether it is greater or less.
COMPARING	Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two
DECIMALS	decimal places
	Use decimal notation for tenths, hundredths (money, metres and
	centimetres) and use in context.
	Order decimals with two places.
ROUNDING	Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number
INCLUDING	Round to the nearest £ or metre.
DECIMALS	Convert £ to p, or metres to centimetres, and vice versa.
EQUIVALENCE	Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent
	fractions.
	Recognise equivalence of simple fractions.
	recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or
	hundredths.
	Recognise and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}$
	Begin to use ideas of simple proportion.
	Recognise the equivalence of decimal, fraction forms of one half, one quarter
	and tenths.
ADDITION &	Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator
SUBTRACTION OF	Identify two fractions with total of 1.
FRACTIONS	
MULTIPLICATION &	Find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100,
DIVISION OF	identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and
DECIMALS	hundredths
PROBLEM SOLVING	Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities,
	and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the
	answer is a whole number
	Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals
	to two decimal places.

## **Geometry: Position & Direction**

POSITION,	Describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant
<b>DIRECTION &amp;</b>	Recognise position on square grids with numbered lines.
MOVEMENT	Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the
	left/right and up/down
	Read and begin to write the vocabulary of movement.
	Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon
PATTERN	Solve shape problems or puzzles. Explain reasoning and methods.

# **Geometry: Properties of shape**

IDENTIFYING	Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations
SHAPES & THEIR	Describe and visualise 3-D and 2-D shapes, inc. tetrahedron, heptagon.
PROPERTIES	Recognise equilateral and isosceles triangles.
	Visualise solid shapes from 2–D drawings. Identify simple nets.
	Recognise clockwise, anti-clockwise.
DRAWING &	Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of
CONSTRUCTING	symmetry.
	Sketch reflection of simple shape in a mirror.
COMPARING &	Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and
CLASSIFYING	triangles, based on their properties and sizes
	Classify shapes (right angles, regularity, symmetry).
	Investigate general statements about shapes.
	Make shapes and discuss properties.
ANGLES	Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two
	right angles by size
	Start to draw, measure and order angles.
	Use eight compass points.
	Recognise horizontal and vertical lines.
	Begin to measure angles in degrees.
	Know whole turn, 360*, 4 right angles; quarter turn, 90*, 1 right angle; half
	turn, 180°, 2 right angles.
	Recognise 45* as half a right angle.

#### **Measurement**

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COMPARING &	Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in
ESTIMATING	pounds and pence.
MEASURING &	Estimate, compare and calculate <b>different measures</b> , including <b>money in</b>
CALCULATING	pounds and pence.
	Convert £ to p. Choose appropriate number operations and calculation
	methods to solve money or 'real life' word problems with one/two steps.
	Length:
	Use, read, write km, m, cm, mm and mile.
	Know and use relationships between units.
	Know 1/2, 1/4, 3/4, 1/10 of 1 kilometre in m, 1 metre in cm or mm.
	Suggest suitable units and equipment to estimate or measure length
	Record metres and centimetres using decimals, and other measurements
	using mixed units. Convert up to 1000 cm to metres and vice versa.
	Mass:
	Measure and compare using kilograms and grams, and know and use the

	relationship between them. Know 1/4, 1/2, 3/4 and 1/10 of 1 kg in grams.
	Suggest suitable units and equipment to estimate or measure mass.
	Record measurements to suitable degree of accuracy, using mixed units, or
	the nearest whole/half/quarter unit (e.g. 3.25 kg).
	Capacity:
	Use, read, write litre (l), millilitre (ml), pint.
	Know 1/4, 1/2, 3/4, 1/10 of 1 litre in ml.
	Suggest suitable units and equipment to estimate or measure capacity.
	Record measurements to suitable degree of accuracy, using mixed units, or
	the nearest whole/half/quarter unit (e.g. 3.25 litres).
	Read a variety of scales and dials to a suitable degree of accuracy.
	measure and calculate the <b>perimeter</b> of a rectilinear figure and simple
	shapes (including squares) in centimetres and metres
	Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares
	Measure and calculate area of rectangles and simple shapes, using counting
	methods and standard units (square centimetres).
	Choose appropriate number operations and calculation methods to solve
	measurement word problems with one or more steps.
	Explain and record methods.
TELLING THE TIME	Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour
	clocks.
	Use, read, write vocabulary of time.
	Read time to 1 min. on analogue/12-hour digital clock.
	Use 9:53, a.m. and p.m.
	Estimate and check times using seconds, minutes, hours.
	Read timetables and use this year's calendar.
	Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to
	seconds; years to months; weeks to days.
CONVERTING	Convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre to metre; hour to
	minute)
	Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour
	clocks
	Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to
	seconds; years to months; weeks to days

## **Statistics**

INTERPRETING, CONSTRUCTING & PRESENTING DATA	Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs.
SOLVING PROBLEMS	Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs. Solve a given problem by collecting, classifying, representing and interpreting data in tally charts, frequency tables, pictograms (symbol) representing 2, 5, 10 units). Solve a given problem by collecting, classifying, representing and interpreting data in bar charts; intervals labelled in 2s, 5s, 10s, 20s. Include use of computer. Solve a given problem by collecting, classifying, representing and

interpreting data in Venn and Carroll diagrams: two criteria.
Use a computer and a branching tree program to sort shapes or numbers.